

RecBCD

Exonuclease V

330-kDa

RecBCD has very long history
but it's mechanism is unveiled only recently.

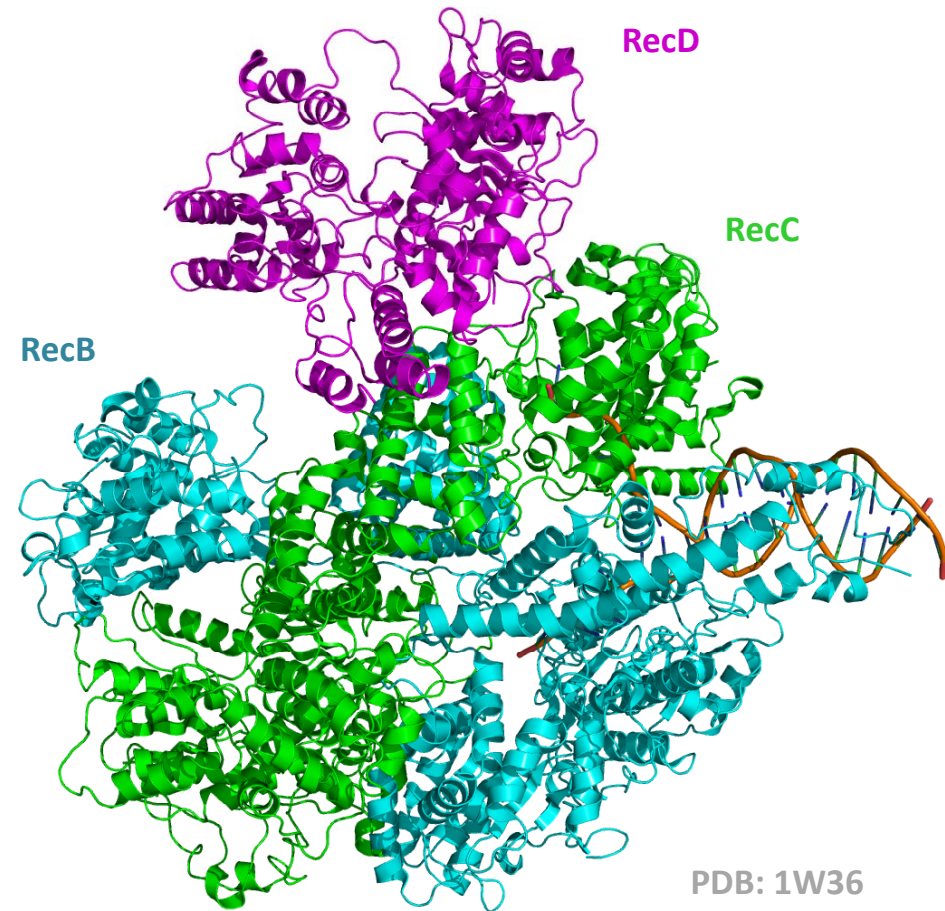
Activities..

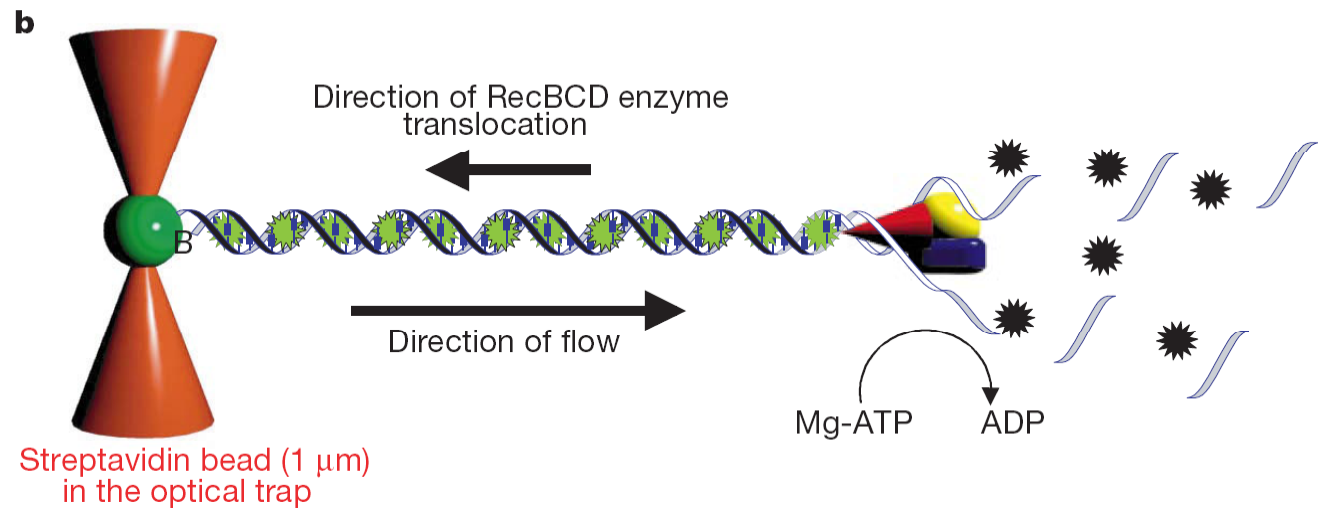
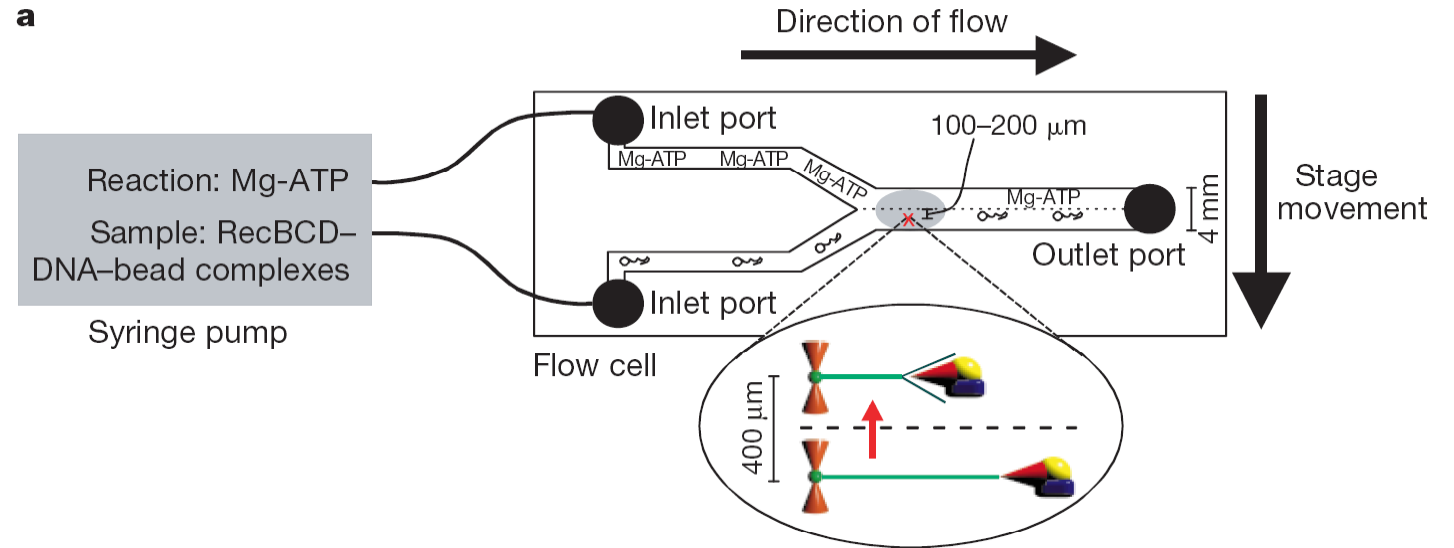
- 1) DNA dependent ATPase
- 2) Helicase
- 3) Nuclease

RecB 3'-5' helicase, nuclease

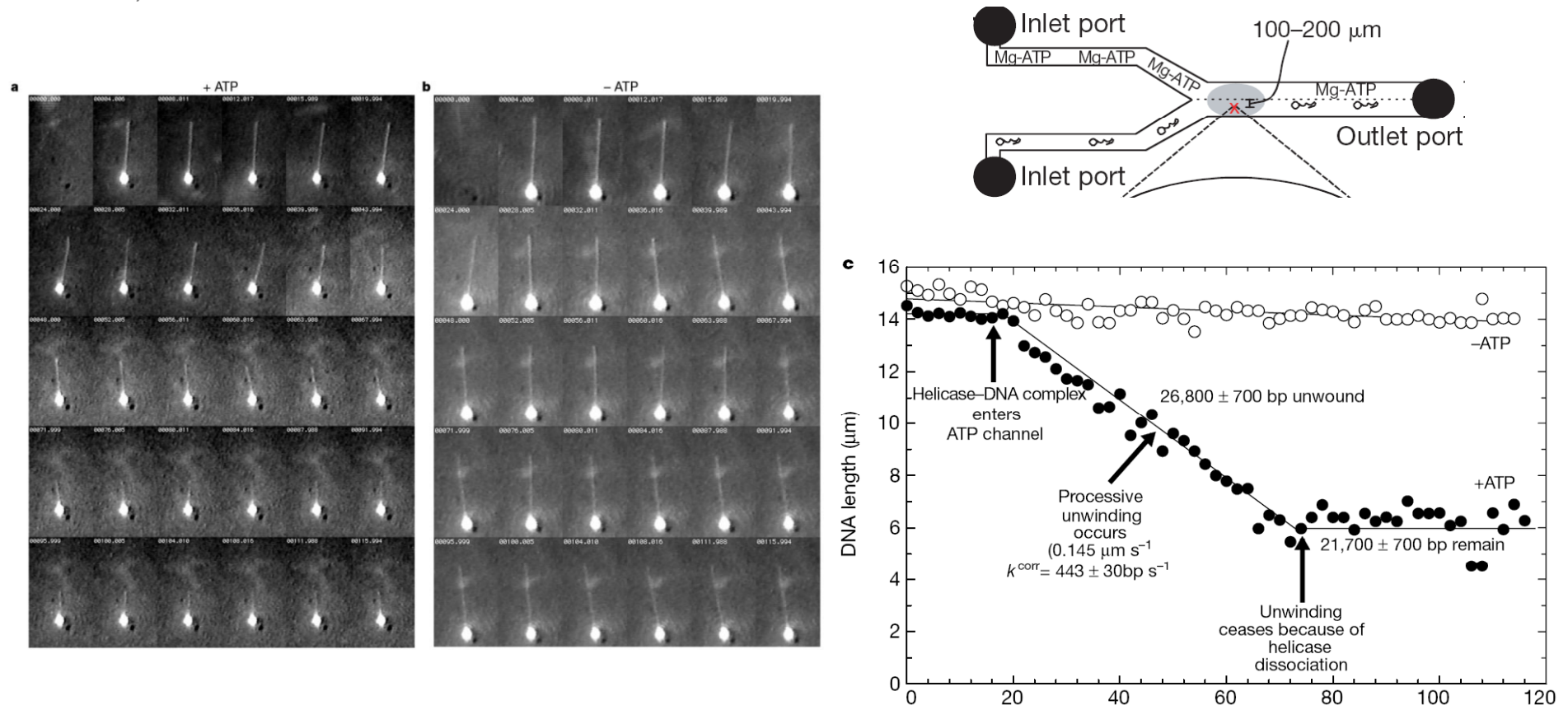
RecC recognizes χ (crossover hotspot instigator)

RecD 5'-3' helicase





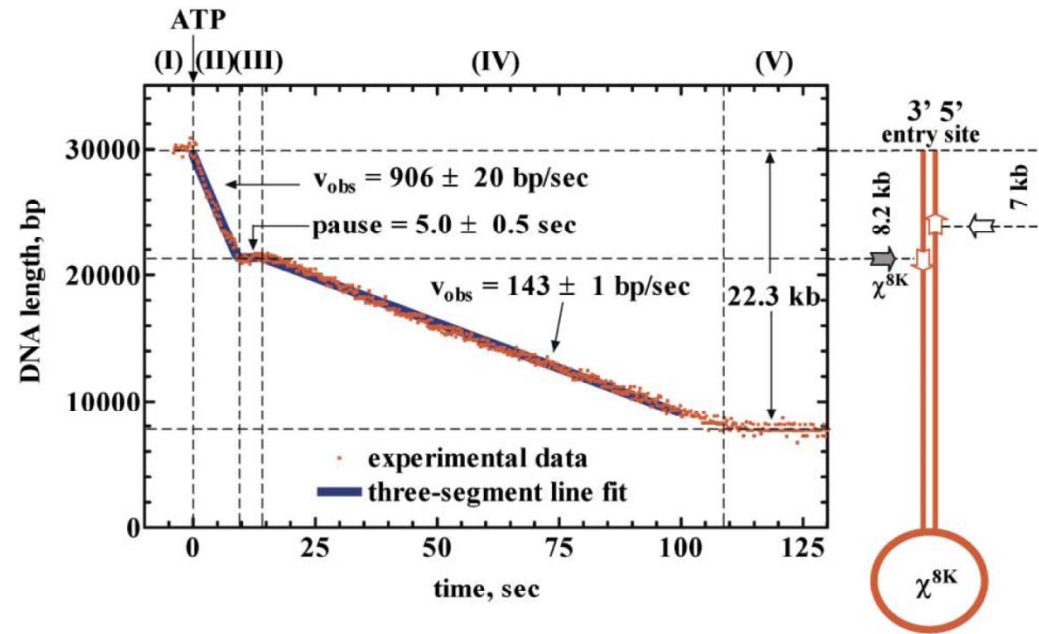
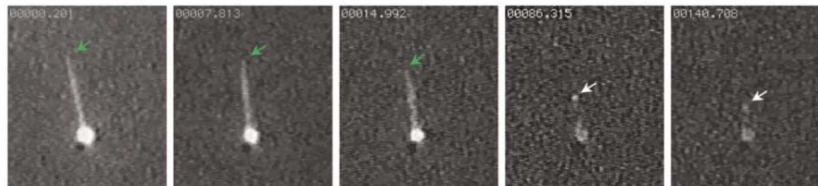
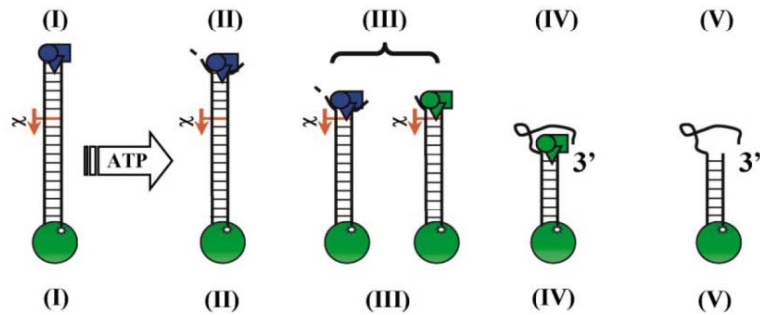
Bianco et. al, Nature 2001



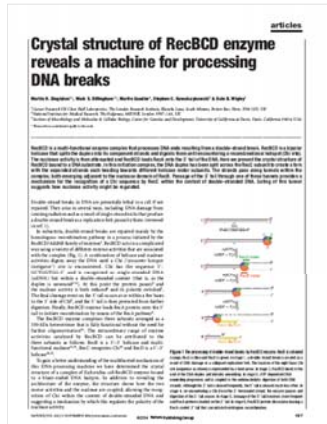
First real-time observation of an individual DNA helicase movement on dsDNA

A Molecular Throttle: The Recombination Hotspot χ Controls DNA Translocation by the RecBCD Helicase

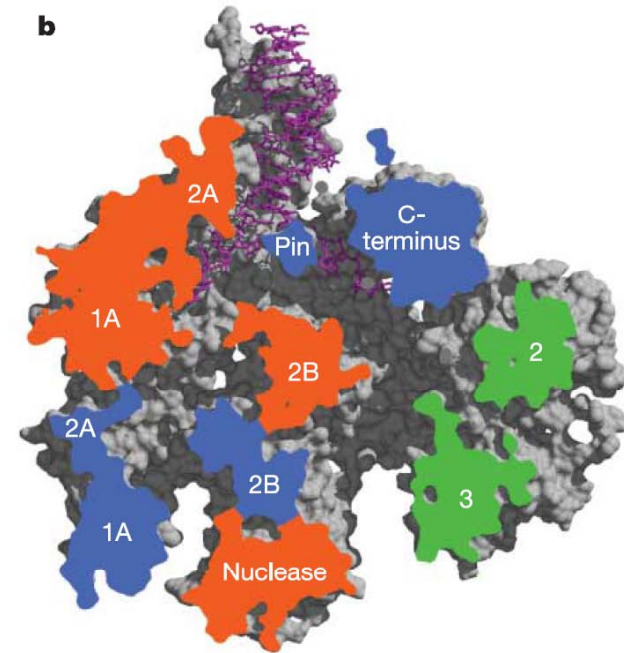
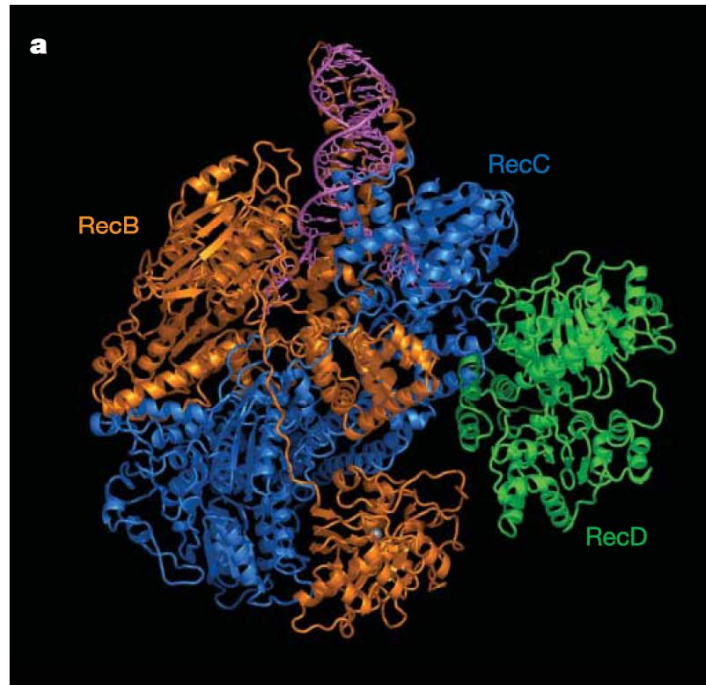
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Finally, Xtal is out!!

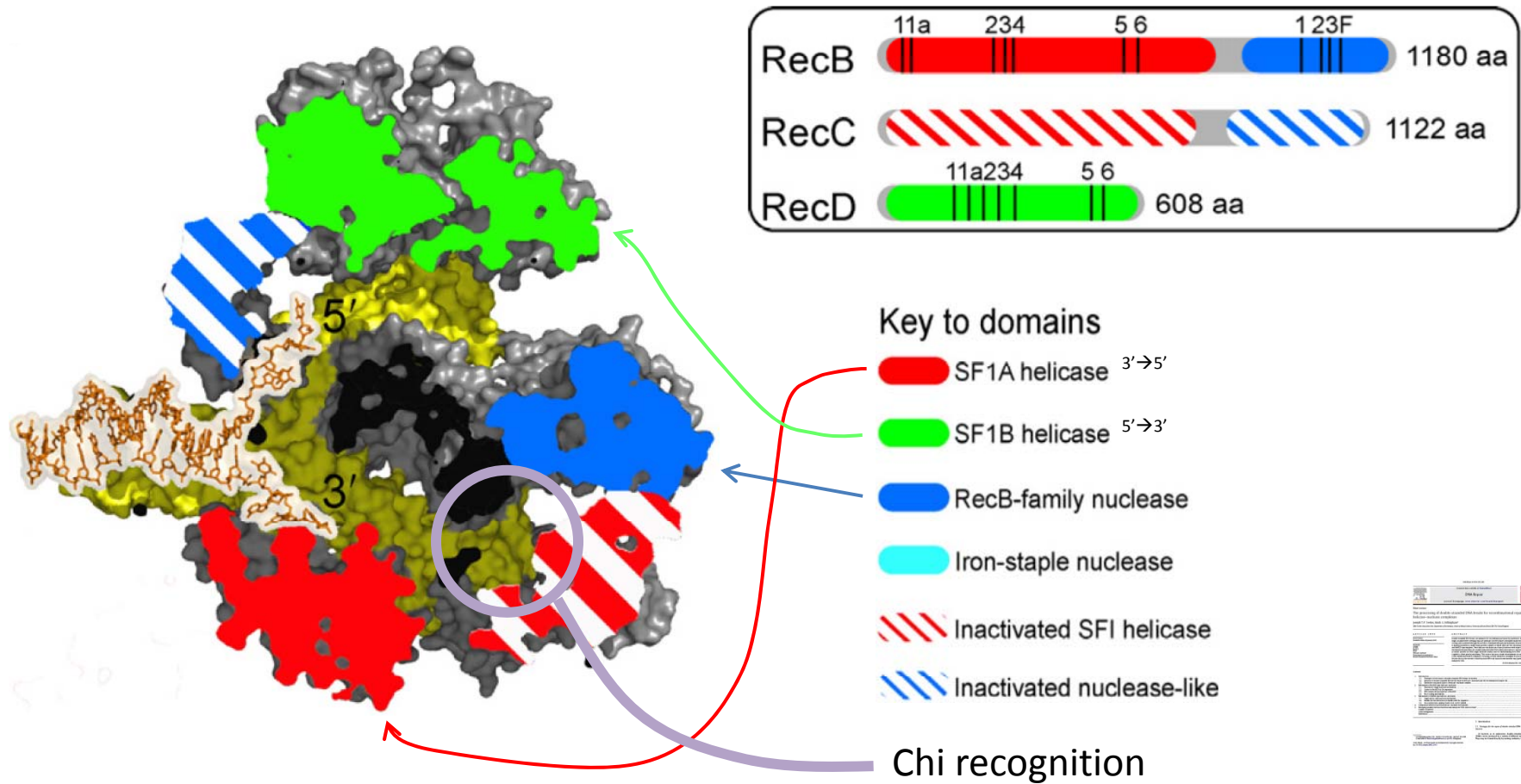


Singleton et. al, Nature 2004



Two exit tunnels for each strands
 RecB nuclease domain is tethered by long flexible linker

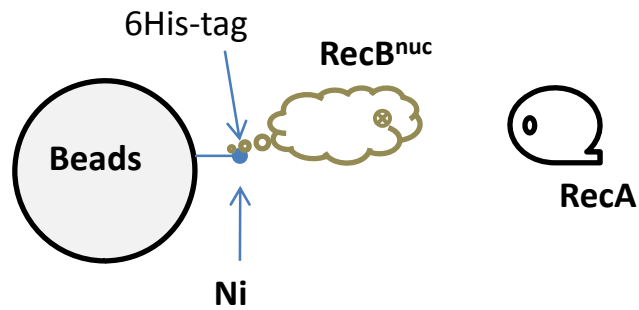
Geometry of the domains and function



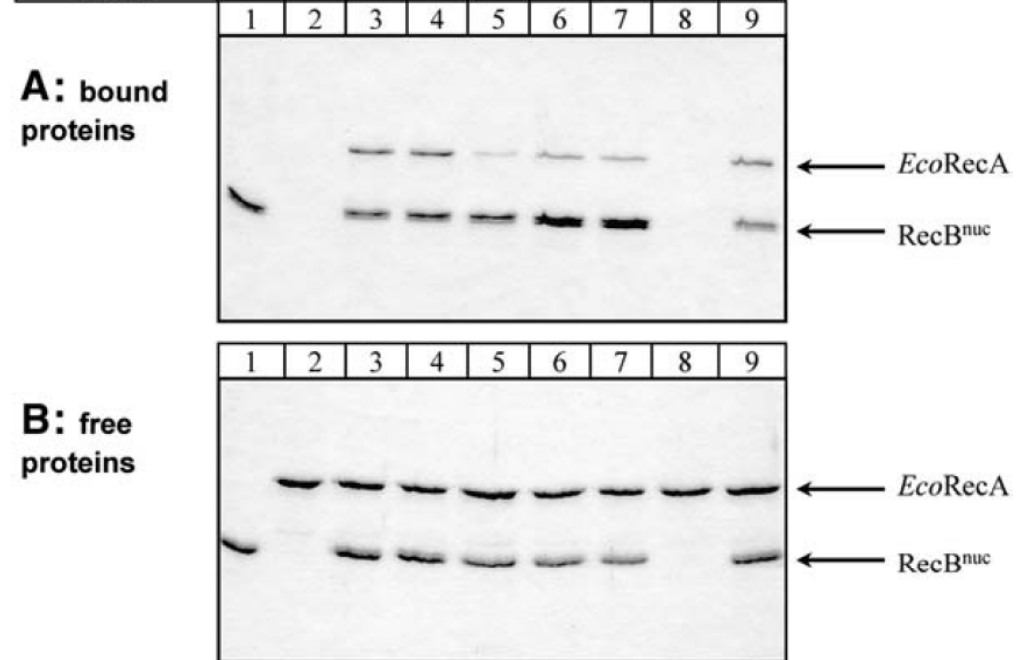
Loading of RecA by RecB nuclease domain



Speis et. al, Mol. Cell 2006

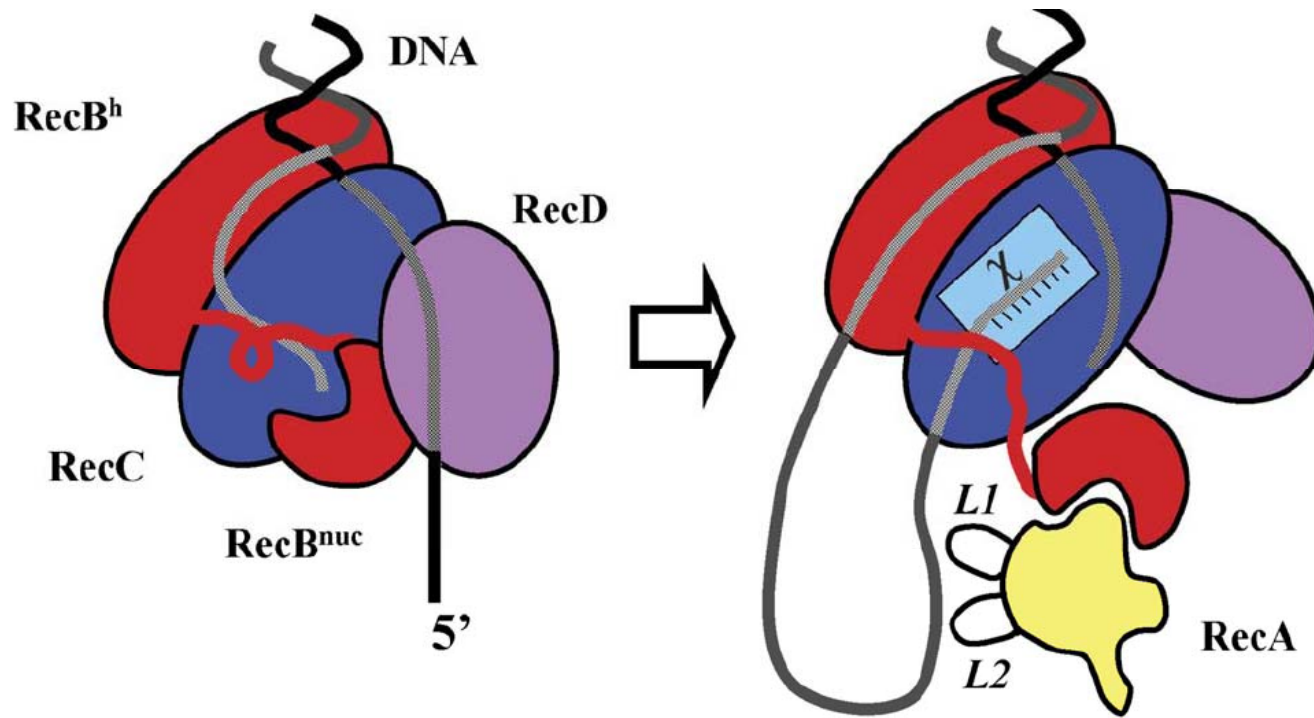


RecB ^{nuc}	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+
<i>EcoRecA</i>	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
magnesium	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+
ATP	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-
ATP-γ-S	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	-
ssDNA	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	+



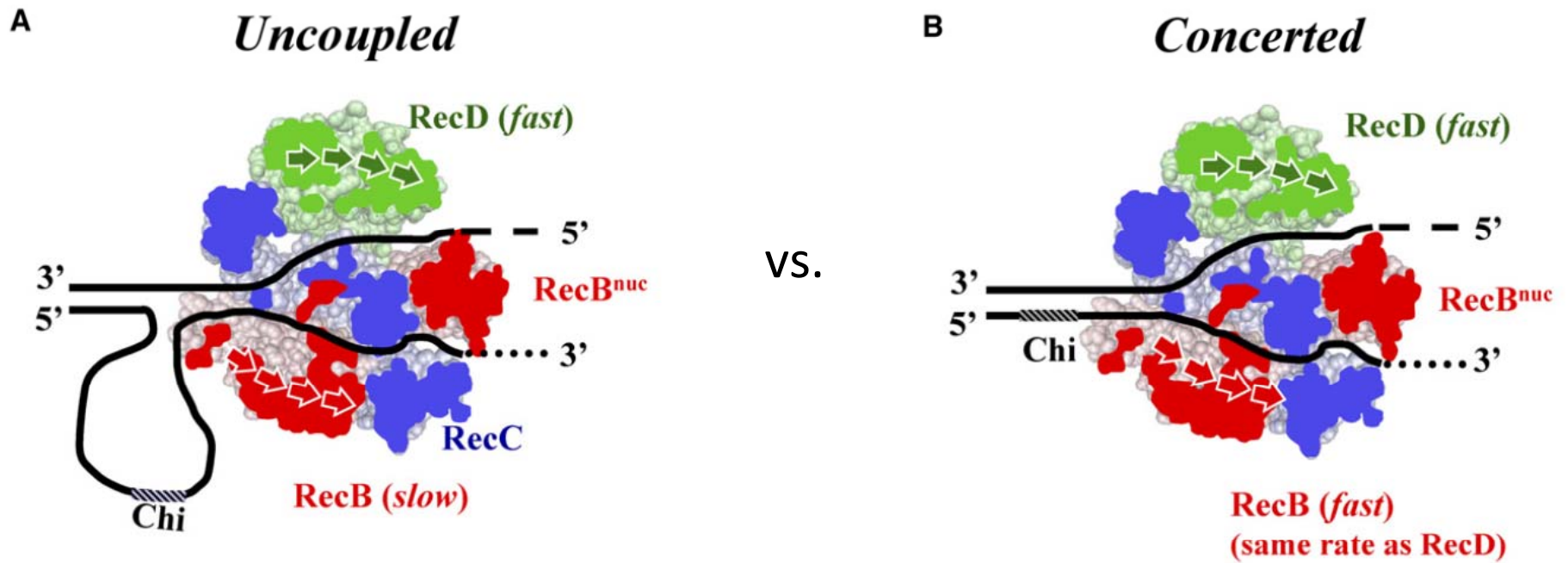
Loading of RecA by RecB nuclease domain

Speis et. al, Mol. Cell 2006

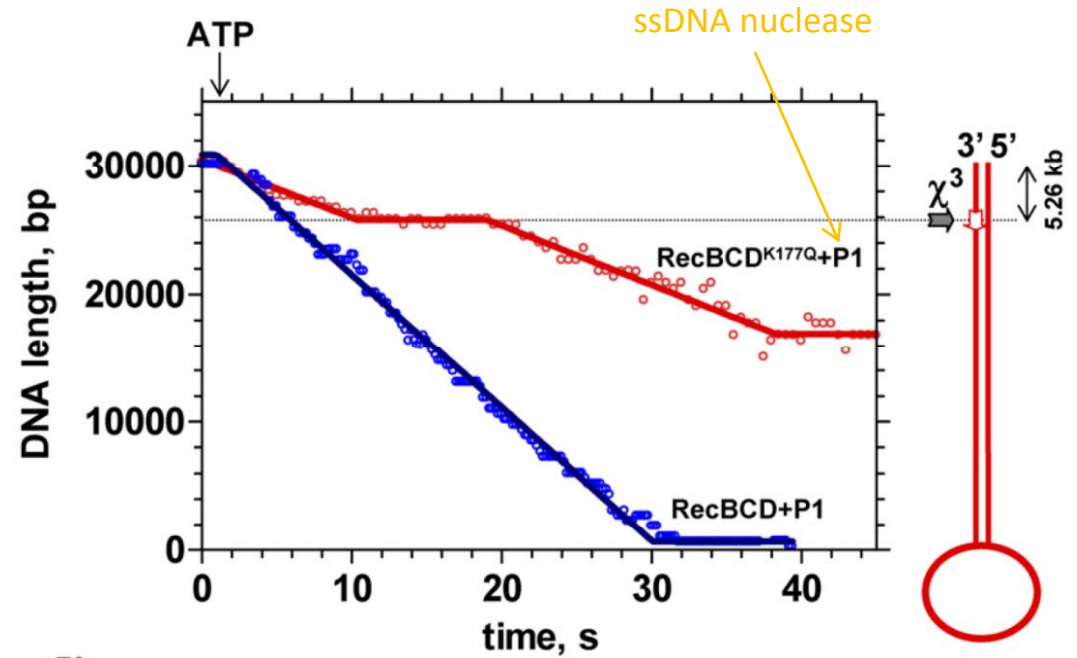
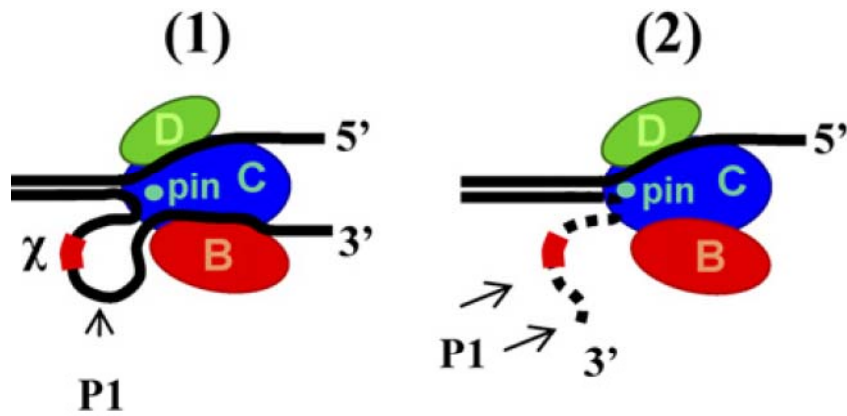


Two models in translocation of RecBCD

Speis et. al, Mol. Cell 2007



In the uncoupled motors model, ss-loop would be generated.



RecD is a leading fast motor prior to Chi.
 → Supporting “uncorrelated model”

Conclusion

